PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Title

Shelf Bitter Crab Syndrome in the North Pacific Chionoecetes spp.

Requestor Information

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Survey

Eastern Bering Sea Shelf

Description:

Bitter crab syndrome (BCS) is a potentially fatal disease of commercially important Chionoecetes spp. in the eastern Bering Sea (EBS) and is emerging worldwide in other decapod hosts. Efforts to monitor disease incidences and distribution in Chionoecetes spp. over the last 25 years have generated data to track possible trends in the North Pacific and may provide insight as to how climate conditions influence disease patterns. Such trends are important from an industry perspective considering affected Tanner crabs possess a bitter flavor, rendering the meat unmarketable.

The primary goal of this project is to survey Chionoecetes bairdi and C. opilio for BCS at designated index sites within the Bering Sea. The index sites were chosen based on historical incidences of BCS. Any changes in intensity of disease within the index sites may provide information as to how the disease is affecting host populations or changing within EBS.

Data Types

Biological specimen

BIOLOGICAL SPECIMEN DETAILS

Fish, Crab or invertebrate? crab

Species To Be Collected

Chionoecetes bairdi Chionoecetes opilio

Detailed collection procedures

At the pre-assigned index sites for Chionoecetes bairdi or C. opilio, Kodiak staff will randomly select 20 crabs. Crab morphometrics will be documented on a provided datasheet and each crab will be assigned a Pathobiology specimen number. For each crab, species, size, sex, shell condition, haul number and visual BCS status will be recorded. Using a clean syringe, 0.2mL of hemolymph will be extracted from each crab & transfered into a well in a 96-well collection plate of 100% ethanol. The plate will be inverted to mix, & sharps and biological waste disposed. If a crab is too small for successful hemolymph withdrawl (<30 mm carapace width), the entire crab will be placed singly in a plastic bag with a label and placed in the freeze instead of drawing hemolymph.

Place keywords

Six specific index sites will be chosen (three for C. bairdi and three for C. opilio) throughout the Bering Sea and within established EBS Shelf survey stations. Sites will include: Bristol Bay, Pribilof Islands, St. Matthew Island and northeast stations.

Boundary
Northern Boundary:
Eastern Boundary:
Western Boundary:
Southern Boundary:

Target Quantity

1200

If the requested amount or frequency of specimens is not achieved, will the request still be useful?

yes

Estimated time

Approximately 5 minutes per sample

Sampling Design

subsample random stratified

Six index sites will be chosen, three for C. bairdi and three for C. opilio. At the designated index site, either immature C. bairdi or C. opilio will be randomly selected for sampling, without regard to sex or shell condition. Maturity will be determined by size (carapace width).

Specimen Type

whole animal collection, hemolymph

Do you require individual specimen-level data to be collected?

Do you need to be able to link your specimens to haul data?

yes - please link my collection with haul data

HAUL DATA DETAILS not applicable to this request
Detailed Collection Procedures
Estimated time
Place keywords
Boundary Northern Boundary: Southern Boundary: Eastern Boundary: Western Boundary:

Are you requesting copies of haul data?

SUPPLIES & EQUIPMENT

Supplies provided by the AFSC

freezer boxes

Supplies provided by the requestor

labels
plastic bags
calipers
syringes
prefilled ethanol plates
needle disposal container
datasheets

Chemical Hygiene

Ethanol

Permits issued or pending:

ADF&G Fish Resource Permit CF-10-038

24/7 Contact Information

Christie Lang 206-554-1755

Detailed shipping instructions:

Ship with RACE survey supplies

SURVEY COORDINATOR NOTES
Which boat(s)?
Alaska Knight (EBS Shelf)
Vesteraalen (EBS Shelf)
Cape Flattery (EBS Slope)
Alaska Provider (AI)
Sea Storm (AI)

Other notes: